

#### Natural Refrigerants – U.S. Considerations Caleb Nelson, PE, LEED AP CTA Refrigeration Group

### **Overview:**

- US Demand
- Climate Consideration
- CO2 Integration
- NH3/C02 experience



# **U.S. Demand**



- C02 is becoming very common (w/HFCs)
  - Cost and performance benefits already realized
- No HFC legislation, tax, or production quotas in U.S. currently
  - Reducing TEWI (GWP) continues to be focus for many
- Consumer Goods Forum reaches U.S.
  - Begin HFC phase-out by 2015.



\*Image from US EIA (repeated next slide): <u>http://www.eia.gov/emeu/recs/climate\_zone.html</u>

# **CO2 transcritial integration**

- Currently, no 100% C02 systems planned outside of "Blue/Green" zones
- Moving further toward the "Red" will require significant integration with heating systems
- If facility does not have enough heating demand, look to possibly integrate with neighboring facilities if possible/feasible.
- Use of ground water also provides a possible solution to use as condensing water—to maintain C02 subcritical.





### NH3/C02 (Orange Zone)



\*Images from CTA presentation for Greenchill—publicly available in EPA webinar archives (next 3 slides also): http://www2.epa.gov/sites/production/files/documents/GC\_Webinar\_AmmoniaCascade\_2012.11.15.pdf

### **System Layout:**







# **Design Approach:**

- Simple/Proven/Efficient.
  - "Off the shelf" (Industrial) NH3 components
  - Open-Drive Reciprocating Compressors
  - Flooded Cascade HX
  - Mineral Oil
- Low Charge
  - No High-Pressure Receiver
  - Approx. 3.6 lbs/TR (0.46kg/kW)



#### **Results:**

- NH3: 25% less energy than R407a
- 18% total first cost increase (NH3/CO2 vs R407a/CO2)
  - Cost wasn't a priority for this demonstration
  - Cost expected to drop with iterations



# NH3/C02 (Red Zone)

- CO2 system—same
- NH3 system—modularized
- Dry expansion
- Expected further reduced charge: 0.88 lbs/TR (0.11kg/kW)
- Expected 10% efficiency benefit (vs R134A/C02)
- Projected 35% total first cost increase (NH3/CO2 vs R134a/CO2)



# **Conclusions:**



- 100% Natural Systems are coming to the U.S.— despite the lack of government "push"
- NH3/C02 is an efficient option to obtain 100% natural—virtually in any country/climate
- Simple/proven NH3 components already being used in developing countries are applicable in smaller commercial systems
- CO2 transcritical use in warmer developing countries can expand where waste heat is usable.





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Thank you very much for your attention

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